

# GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

Pharm.D

1<sup>st</sup> year

**Subject Name:** Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry

**Subject Code:** 818805

Teaching Scheme				Evaluation Scheme				Total Marks
Theory	Tutorial	Practical	Total	Theory		Practical		
				External	Internal	External	Internal	
2	1	3	6	70	30	70	30	200

Sr. No.	Course Contents	Hours	Module Weightage
1	<b>Errors:</b> Errors in Analysis: Error, Accuracy and Precision, Types of Errors, Methods of expressing precision, Test for rejection of data, Significant figures, Rounding of figures, Confidence limits	2	3.5%
2	<b>Volumetric analysis (Titrimetric analysis)</b>		
2.1	<b>Acid-base titrations:</b> Relative strength and its effect on titration, common ion effect, pH, Henderson-Hasselbach equation, buffers, neutralization curve, acid bas indicators, theory of indicators, back titrations, biphasic titrations, pharmacopoeial applications, hydrolysis of salts, ionic products of water and law of mass action.	7	11.5%
2.2	<b>Redox titrations :</b> Theory of redox titrations, redox indicators, types of redox titrations, iodometry, cerrimetry, mercurymetry, diazotization nitrite titrations, 2,6-dichlorophenol indophenol titrations, titration curve and calculations of potentials during course of titrations.	6	10%
2.3	<b>Nonaqueous titrations :</b> Nonaqueous solvents, titrants and indicators. Differentiating and leveling solvents.	3	5%
2.4	<b>Argentometric or precipitation titrations :</b> Mohrs, Fajans and Volhard methods	3	5%
2.5	<b>Complexometric titrations :</b> Theory of the titrations, titrant, indicators and pharmacopoeial applications.	4	6.5%
3	<b>Gravimetric analysis :</b> Stability, solubility products, types of precipitations, precipitation techniques, pharmacopoeial applications	3	5%
4	<b>Impurities in Pharmaceuticals:</b>	4	6.5%

	Sources of impurities, tests for purity and identity, limit tests for iron, arsenic, lead, heavy metals, chloride, sulphate.		
<b>5</b>	<b>Gases and Vapors:</b> Oxygen, Anesthetics and Respiratory Stimulants	<b>2</b>	<b>3.5%</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>Acidifying agents:</b> Dilute HCl	<b>1</b>	<b>1.5%</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>Antacids:</b> Types, Ideal characteristics of an antacid, Aluminium compounds, Calcium compounds, Magnesium compounds, Sodium compounds, Combination of Antacids	<b>2</b>	<b>3.5%</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>Cathartics:</b> Classification, Magnesium hydroxide, Magnesium sulphate, Sodium Phosphate, Dried Sodium Phosphate, Sodium Potassium tartarate, Potassium bitartarate, Mercurous chloride	<b>2</b>	<b>3.5%</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>Major intra and extra-cellular electrolytes:</b> Physiological ions, electrolytes used for replacement therapy, acids-base balance and combination therapy.	<b>4</b>	<b>6.5%</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>Essential and trace elements:</b> Transition elements and their compounds of pharmaceutical importance: Iron and haematinics, mineral supplements.	<b>3</b>	<b>5%</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>Antimicrobials</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3.5%</b>
<b>12</b>	<b>Pharmaceutical Aids used in pharmaceutical industry :</b> Anti-oxidants, preservatives, Filter aids, Adsorbents, Diluents	<b>3</b>	<b>5%</b>
<b>13</b>	<b>Dental products:</b> Dentifrices, Anti-carries agents.	<b>2</b>	<b>3.5%</b>
<b>14</b>	<b>Miscellaneous agents:</b> Sclerosing agents, Expectorants, Emetics, poisons and Anti-dotes, Sedatives	<b>4</b>	<b>6.5%</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>Inorganic Radio pharmaceuticals:</b> Nuclear radiopharmaceuticals, reactions, Nomenclature, Methods of obtaining their standards and units of activity, measurements of activity, clinical applications and dosage, hazards and precautions.	<b>3</b>	<b>5%</b>

### Course materials:

#### Text books

- A text book Inorganic medicinal chemistry by Surendra N. Pandeya
- A. H. Beckett and J. B. Stanlake's Practical Pharmaceutical chemistry Vol-I & Vol-II
- Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry III-Edition P.Gundu Rao

#### Reference books

- Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry by Anand & Chetwal
- Pharmaceutical Inorganic chemistry by Dr.B.G.Nagavi
- Analytical chemistry principles by John H. Kennedy

d. I.P.1985 and 1996, Govt. of India, Ministry of health

**Pharm.D 1<sup>st</sup> year**

**PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY**

*Practical (3 Hours/ Week, 6 Credits, 90 Hours)*

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Experiments</b>
<b>1</b>	Limit tests for Cl, SO <sub>4</sub> , As, Heavy metals and Lead along with a few modifications.
<b>2</b>	All identification tests for pharmacopoeial inorganic pharmaceuticals and qualitative tests for cations and anions should be covered.
<b>3</b>	The backgrounds and systematic qualitative analysis of Inorganic mixture of up to 4 radicals. Six mixtures to be analyzed, Preferably by semi-micro methods.
<b>4</b>	Acid-base titrations Simple, back titrations, titrations of mixtures like NaOH+Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> , borax + boric acid.
<b>5</b>	Redox titrations Simple, iodometry, cerimetry, 2,6-dichlorophenol-indophenol titrations, mixtures like Fe <sup>+2</sup> + Fe <sup>+3</sup> , oxalic acid + sodium oxalate
<b>6</b>	Complexometric titrations Replacement, back titrations
<b>7</b>	Nonaqueous titrations
<b>8</b>	Gravimetric assay of Barium
<b>9</b>	Argentometric titrations
<b>10</b>	Swelling power of Bentonite
<b>11</b>	Acid neutralizing capacity in aluminium hydroxide gel
<b>12</b>	Preparations: (Any Two) Boric acid, Potash Alum, Calcium lactate, Magnesium Sulphate

**Scheme of Practical Examination**

	<b>Internal/ Sessional</b>	<b>External</b>
Synopsis	05	15
Major Experiment	10	25
Minor Experiment	03	15
Viva	02	15
<b>Max. marks</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>70</b>
<b>Duration</b>	<b>3 hours</b>	<b>4 hours</b>

Note: Total sessional marks is 30 (20 for practical sessional plus 10 marks for regularity, promptness, viva-voce and record maintenance)

